Midterm 2

1. An atmospheric boundary layer is formed when the wind blows over the Earth's surface. Typically, such velocity profiles can be written as a power law: $u = ay^n$, where the constants a and n depend on the roughness of the terrain. As is indicated in Fig. 1, typical values are n = 0.40 for urban areas, n = 0.28 for woodland or suburban areas, and n = 0.16 for flat open country.

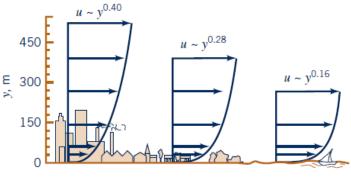
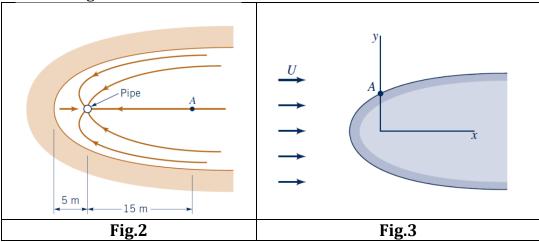


Fig.1

A 30-story office building (each story is 3.66 m tall) is built in a suburban industrial park. Plot the dynamic pressure, $\rho u^2/2$, as a function of elevation if the wind blows at 120.7 km/hr (in case of a hurricane) at the top of the building Plot four points only in the graph.

2. One end of a pond has a shoreline that resembles a half-body as shown in Fig. 2. A vertical porous pipe is located near the end of the pond so that water can be pumped out. When water is pumped at the rate of 0.02 m²/s (flow rate per unit length), what will be the velocity at point A in Fig. 2? Hint: Consider the flow inside a half-body. This flow is similar to the flow shown in Fig. 3.



Equations and Graphs

Navier-Stokes Equation

(x direction)

$$\rho\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + w\frac{\partial u}{\partial z}\right) = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \rho g_x + \mu\left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2}\right)$$

(y direction)

$$\rho\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + u\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + v\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + w\frac{\partial v}{\partial z}\right) = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \rho g_y + \mu\left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial z^2}\right)$$

(z direction)

$$\rho\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + u\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + v\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + w\frac{\partial w}{\partial z}\right) = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial z} + \rho g_z + \mu\left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial z^2}\right)$$